



Fezile Dabi

District Municipality

INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN (IDP) (2024 - 2025)

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Acronyms

CoGTA	Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs
COVID-19	Corona virus immune deficiency 2019
CWP	Community Works Programme
DCoG	Department of Cooperative Governance
EMP	Environmental Management Plan
EPWP	Expanded Public Works Programme
HSP	Housing Sector Plan
ICIP	Integrated Comprehensive Infrastructure Plan
IDP	Integrated Development Planning
IEP	Integrated Energy Plan
IHSP	Integrated Human Settlement Plan
ITP	Integrated Transport Plan
IWMP	Integrated Waste Management Plan
KPI	Key Performance Indicators
LEDP	Local Economic Development Plan
LED	Local Economic Development
mSCOA	Municipal Standard Chart of Account
MSA	Municipal System Act
MFMA	Municipal Finance Management Act
MDGs	Millennium Development Goals
NDP	National Development Plan
PMS	Performance Management System
SDF	Spatial Development Framework
SCM	Supply Chain Management
SDBIP	Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan
SMART	Simple, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic and Timely
SPLUMA	Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act
WSDP	Water Services Development Plan

FOREWORD BY THE EXECUTIVE MAYOR

This document sets out the Fezile Dabi District Municipality's reviewed IDP for 2024-2025 containing key municipal goals and priorities within a rolling 5-year implementation cycle. The IDP is strategic document of Council and guides all planning and development in the district municipality.

This revised plan put motion government initiatives that will reduce the level of unemployment and poverty through intensification of programmes such as the District Development Model (One Plan) and other means of economic opportunities in the district.

The model will also be consistent with a process of joint and collaborative planning undertaken at level of the district together with all spheres of government resulting in a single strategically focussed Joint-Plan (One Plan) for our the Fezile Dabi District Municipality and Local municipalities which are (Ngwathe, Metsimaholo, Moqhaka and Mafube Local Municipality).

Our actual role as a district municipality has been to co-ordinate all efforts of locals in the district as well as to carry out certain designated services and this has been one of the challenges in recent years including reduced funding available to district municipality. This model initiative will ultimately assist us in achieving our ideal dream of single authority in which service delivery backlog will be thing of the past.

Changing circumstances within the political, social, economic, environmental and technological environment of society has motivated us to become more vigilant and innovative in the exercise of fiscal discipline and allocative efficiency thereby prioritising a sustainable and responsive budget which seeks to favour growth and effect major improvements in the lives of citizens.

The State of the Nation Address (SONA) is an important political and economic statement by the President which outlines the Government's economic and social investment programme, and is a precursor to the National Budget, this year's SONA was delivered on the 8th of February 2024. The following were discussed and are important for planning at local level:

1. The National State of Disaster
2. Private Sector Investment
3. Water Infrastructure
4. SMME Growth
5. Infrastructure
6. Social Infrastructure Mechanisms
7. New energy projects
8. Public and Social Employment (focusing on the youth)
9. Social grants will continue for another year

In addition, Premier M. Dukwana during the State of the Province Address on the 29th of February 2024, stated amongst other things that “many of our municipalities are in the province are in a dire state. Running sewage on the streets, poor water supply and mismanagement are all too common.” One of the worst challenges facing the province is unemployment, especially among the young people. Premier Dukwana was referring to comments and inputs her office received from members of the public prior to the State of the Province Address. The Premiers Office is working around the clock to mitigate the crisis in the Free State Province.

Without effective internal and external collaboration and cooperation amongst all our partners in development, the achievement of our district’s aspirations will remain a challenge. The concept of Integrated Development Planning, in turn, compels municipalities to work together, in great team spirit, with our national, provincial and local counterparts. It is for this reason that the Fezile Dabi District Municipality, through the principle of good governance, aims to align its planning and programmes, through the utilisation of Inter-governmental Relations platforms in order to opt for the deliberation and identification of the best possible alternatives to coordinate, facilitate and ultimately move service delivery to an advanced implementation phase.

It is with great honour that we can authenticate that as a district municipality, we already made a number of remarkable inroads. The service delivery process, however, is a continuous process. It is my plea that we as both the inhabitants and servants of the inhabitants of our beautiful region continue to improve our planning process and institutionalise the IDP process in order to achieve the desires of the people of our district, our province and our country. As the Mayor of the Fezile Dabi District Municipality, I hereby wish to present to you with the Draft 2024/2025 Integrated Development Plan.

Councillor D Khasudi
Executive Mayor

FOREWORD BY THE MUNICIPAL MANAGER

An Integrated Development Plan (IDP) adopted by Council is the principal strategic planning instrument which guides and informs all planning and development, and all decisions with regard to planning, management and development in the municipality.

Fezile Dabi District Municipality's commitment to developing a caring and liveable municipality' is the focal point of the 2024/25 IDP, with a specific emphasis on the alignment of the Municipal Vision, strategy and implementation, while focus on building a more inclusive developmental local government that translates the Municipality's vision into action. It is important to be mindful of the need for alignment with all National, Provincial and Local Government imperatives. The IDP binds the municipality in the exercise of its executive authority, except to the extent of any inconsistency between the IDP and national or provincial legislation. A municipality must give effect to its IDP and conduct its affairs in a manner which is consistent with its IDP.

The IDP is not only a local government programme but the delivery plan of an entire government in a particular local space. The 2022/27 IDP is prepared against the background of the objective of the Fezile Dabi District Municipality, which is in line with the government's aim of addressing the triple challenges of poverty, inequality and unemployment in the country.

This plan is a culmination of rigorous interaction and engagements with a wide variety of stakeholders and will carve the way for the integrated development in the Fezile Dabi District. Even though, many municipalities face financial constraints, this IDP brings together innovative ideas and empirical methodology, to harness the scarce resources available.

As the Head of Administration, as contained in section 55 of the Municipal Systems Act, 2000 it will remain my duty to deliver on the strategic goals and provincial strategic outcomes, over the next years, with the view to better promote the good life for all inhabitants of the Fezile Dabi District Municipality.

As the municipal administration, it is our responsibility and obligation to fulfil tasks that have been assigned to us by Council, mainly, to create an enabling environment that supports local economic development and to design systems that will accelerate service delivery in the most efficient and sustainable manner.

Sound municipal administration processes, systems and procedures are a central focus of institutional transformation and organisational development. Emphasis will be placed on identifying new growth paths/areas, and rapidly responding to matters that require urgent intervention.

The IDP has been informed by the need to adapt to the changing circumstances and imperatives facing the political, social, economic, environmental and technological environment of society. The Fezile Dabi District Municipality response to the developmental mandate shall focus on the implementation of alternative sustainable planning models towards fostering enhanced functionality. Securing environmentally

sustainable development and the efficient use of natural resources whilst promoting socioeconomic development remains our policy priority. The five year plan recognises the integration of parallel planning initiatives with the District Spatial Development serving as a transversal planning instrument guiding long term urban expansion, land release, densification and economic development.

I am very confident that despite the challenges that the municipality is facing due to high level of unemployment and poverty, the region remains a safe haven with potential for investment and economic growth and ultimately bringing hope to our communities with prosperity on employment and economic opportunities on horizon.

It is therefore a great honour to present this Draft Integrated Development Plan noting that as the Accounting Officer, I am responsible for the overall execution of this strategic document, the monitoring and implementation of this blue print as adopted by council to fast-track development in this district remains my responsibility together with the Administrative Management of the institution.

S.J. Thomas

Municipal Manager

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Fezile Dabi District Municipality has successfully reviewed for the third time a five year Integrated Development Plan (IDP). This IDP is therefore the municipality's principal strategic planning instrument which guides and informs all planning, budgeting, investment, development, management and implementation in the medium-term decision-making. Following this IDP, each department within the municipality is required to conclude a detailed annual Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) that gives operational expression to the IDP.

The Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000 on the other hand, defines integrated development planning as one of the core functions of a municipality in the context of its developmental orientation. The plan should be strategic and inclusive in nature. The plan should link, integrate and coordinate other plans, while taking development proposals into account. It should be aligned with the municipality's resources and capacity, while forming policy framework on which annual budgets are based. The Integrated Development Plan must be compatible with national and provincial development plans and planning requirements.

It further requires of municipalities to structure and manage its administration and budgeting and planning processes to give priority to the basic needs of the community and to promote the social and economic development of the community whilst participating in national and provincial development programmes.

The above mandate should therefore be captured in the IDP of the municipality and therefore the stronger focus on development programmes that address the needs of the community.

In 2021, the Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs issued a revised Integrated Development Plan Framework Guide to provide clarification on the content packaging in preparation of the IDPs. This IDP was therefore prepared within this framework in line with section 26 of Municipal Systems Act, 2000, which outlines the core components of Integrated Development Plan. The framework, which serves as a cradle for the for core components defined in section 26 of Municipal Systems Act, 2000 and regulations 2 – 4 of Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations, 2001 are presented and briefly outlined hereunder as follows:

Section A - The Municipality's Vision, Mission and Values

This section focuses on the formulated vision, mission and values of the municipality.

Section B – Processes followed in reviewing the IDP

This section provides an overview of the process followed in compiling and reviewing the IDP, the processes unfolded in various phases which includes the preparation, analysis, strategies, projects, integration and finally the approval phase of the IDP.

Section C - Powers and Functions of the municipality:

This section provided an indication of the powers and functions constitutionally assigned to Fezile Dabi District Municipality in terms of Part B of Schedule 4 and Part B of Schedule 5 of the Constitution and any other matter assigned to it by national or provincial legislation.

Section D – Situational Analysis: This section aims to give the reader a deep understanding of the content in which the IDP was developed. It explicitly delineates the Municipal Profile in terms of the Institutional and external Environmental scan.

Section E - Spatial Economy and Development Rationale: This section outlines a high level Spatial Development Framework of the District, which reflects the text and maps. It also seeks to outline the *causal* relationships between individual choices and land use change outcomes within the municipality.

Section F - Status Quo Assessment: This section focuses on the updated status quo analysis of the municipal area. It provides an analysis of the level of development and community needs. It aims at providing a comprehensive view of the municipality's acknowledgement and understanding of its own internal operations, strengths and weaknesses as well as the problems it's faced with.

Section G - Development Objectives: This section provides details of the municipality's outlook through the development objectives. The set development objectives clearly indicate what a municipality can reasonably achieve in a five-year period (or less) and with the available resources. The set development of objectives takes into account various national and provincial targets. The indicators and targets set against the strategic objectives follow the SMART principle (*Specific, measurable, achievable, realistic and time-bound*) as outlined in the Framework for Managing Programme Performance Information, issued by the National Treasury in 2007. This section also serves as a clear linkage between challenges identified in the status quo assessment section and the intended course of action towards solutions.

Section H - Sector Plans: In this section, sector plans that have effect on the municipality are mentioned and discussed, including an indication of the current status of each sector plan. Importantly, this section demonstrates how sector plans relate to one another and each sector plan's strategic interventions that will be undertaken to make sure that the municipality broadly delivers service according to the strategic orientation of each such plan.

Included within the sector plan is a Fezile Dabi District Model, popularly known as One plan, it re-emphasises the importance of ensuring that all the spheres of government are not planning in silos and all the challenges within the Local municipalities are tackled from one plan. It also assist with reconfiguration of municipal planning and development.

Section I - Development Strategies, Programmes and Projects:

This section provides concrete interventions that the municipality will implement to attain the objectives highlighted in section G above.

Section J – MIG Projects for Local Municipalities

This section demonstrates the projects from local municipalities which will ensure sustainable service delivery to members of the community

Section K – Sector Departments Programmes and Projects:

This section will give a brief programmes and projects of various sector departments from both National and provincial spheres of government.

Section L: it delineates the processes of ensuring the alignment of IDP and budget.

This section outlines the programmes and projects of other spheres of government and stakeholders and as far as they will have impact within the area of jurisdiction of Fezile Dabi District Municipality.

IDP is a process through which the municipality conducts a comprehensive analysis of the community needs and subsequently priorities available resource to address those needs. The process seek to ensure vertical and horizontal integration among different spheres of government.

The IDP is underpinned by key sector plans and strategies, which include the Municipality's long term Plan (FDDM five year plan, Spatial Development framework (SDF), Local Economic Strategy, and an Integrated Waste Management Plan (IWMP) and the Environmental management Plan.

SECTION A: VISION, MISSION AND VALUES

Section 26(a) of Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000, stipulates that an integrated development plan must reflect the municipal council's vision for the long term development of the municipality with special emphasis on the municipality's most critical development and internal transformation needs.

In compliance with the above legislative requirement and in support of the developmental objectives as outlined herein, the municipality reaffirms its vision as detailed below:

1. Vision

“Improving the lives of citizens and progressively meeting their basic, social and economic needs, thereby restoring community confidence and trust in government”

2. Mission

The above stated vision defines what Fezile Dabi District Municipality would like to attain over medium to long-term, and for that achievement to effectively materialize, we have set our mission as presented below, which essentially defines how we intend to attain our vision.

“Fezile Dabi District Municipality will strive to be a more responsive and accountable municipality towards sustainable development”

3. Values

Furthermore, in order to inspire employees' best efforts and also constrain their actions whilst industriously working towards our vision and mission, we have formulated our Organisational values which are aimed at defining the core ethics or principles which the municipality will abide by, and over time, improve the municipality's ethical character as expressed in its operations and culture. Our core values are out below:

- a) **Integrity:** *To engage with communities, stakeholders and customers in an ethical, just and accountable manner and always taking responsibility for our actions.*
- b) **Commitment:** *To fulfil our duties and responsibilities both at institutional and individual levels with an unwavering commitment to our vision and mission.*
- c) **Professionalism:** *To always deal with our communities, internal and external stakeholders in an efficient, approachable and responsive manner.*
- d) **Stewardship:** *To always take care of and exercise caution over use of public property and resources that are entrusted with us.*

SECTION B: PROCESSES FOLLOWED IN REVIEWING THE IDP

1. Introduction and background

In line with the provisions of section 34 Municipal Systems Act; this is a reviewed Integrated Development Plan (IDP) for the Fezile Dabi District Municipality that covers the period 2022/27 for implementation in 2024/25 financial year. This IDP is the outcome of Integrated Development Planning process, and it is a key instrument which the municipality must adopt in order to drive its vision, it links, integrates and co-ordinates other institutional plans and takes into account proposals from various stakeholders and the community for the development of the municipality.

The process of compiling this IDP was informed by the processes entailed in various pieces of legislation, the IDP Guide Packs and the Revised Framework for Municipalities outside Metropolitan municipalities and Secondary Municipalities, issued by the National Department of Cooperative Governance.

These guidelines provide a clearer approach towards compiling a legally compliant IDP in line with Chapter 5 of Municipal Systems Act. This IDP was therefore prepared within the said IDP Framework Guidelines and the requirements of Municipal Systems Act: sections, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 21 of Chapter 4 and Part 1, 2 and 3 of Chapter 5. To that effect, the table below illustrated the timelines and activities that are proposed in the guidelines which were duly followed in the process of preparation of this IDP:

Table 6: Guidelines to the activities and timeframes up to the adoption of the IDP

July and August	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr to June	Jul – June (Implementation Year)
Adoption of the IDP & Budget Process Plan									Monitor and review performance targets in the SDBIP and Performance Contracts.
Final draft IDP process completed six months (end January) prior to the start of a financial year to inform the budget.					Table budget aligned to IDP 90 days (March) before the start of a municipal financial year.		Adopt IDP and PMS prior to the start of a financial year.		Community consultation on amending service delivery/ development and
Internal alignment of service delivery/development and budget targets, community consultation on service delivery/development and budget targets.									

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July and August	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr to June	Jul – June (Implementation Year)
									budget targets.
Review IDP objectives and strategies.	Consider national, provincial and district priorities.	Finalise the development of objectives.	Finalise projects for each objective and programme.	Budget process as per MFMA.			Set measures/ KPIs and set targets.	Reporting, monitoring, audit and review.	
Budget preparation process is informed by IDP drafting process									Adopt and monitor SDBIP as per MFMA requirements

In the process of developing this IDP in consideration of the above stated guidelines and principles, due care and proactive efforts were taken to ensure that it is compatible with the District Planning Framework, which enables systematic and aligned approach towards integrated development planning between ourselves as a district municipality and the four local municipalities within our district. It is also compatible with all the relevant national and provincial development plans and planning requirements binding on the municipality in terms of legislation

Once adopted by council, this IDP serves as the principal strategic planning instrument which guides and informs all planning and development, budgeting, annual performance review, management and development, in the municipality.

2. Legal and Statutory Requirements for preparation of an IDP

The need for Integrated Development Planning is a legislative requirement outlined in a number of legislative and policy documents, with some providing direct guidance and directions on the framework processes to be adopted in the development and implementation of the IDP. The subsections below list some of these legislations and policies that have direct implication on what the IDP is about.

2.1 Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, Act 108 of 1996

The Constitution mandates the local sphere of government to:

- a) Participate in corporative governance as outlined in chapter 3;
- b) Strives to achieve the objects of local government set out in section 152;
- c) Gives effect to its developmental duties as required by section 153; and
- d) Together with other organs of state contribute to the progressive realization of fundamental rights contained in sections 24 to 32.

2.2 National Development Plan 2030

The NDP through methodology and principles provides a framework for best practice planning. In addition to that the broad principles, it provides guidance for prioritization, resource allocation and implementation in government integrated development planning. The methodology outlined in the NDP provides a framework for robust analysis during integrated development planning.

2.3 The Free State Provincial Growth and Development Strategy

The PGDS through methodology and principles provides a framework for development planning for the province as well as the overall provincial goals to harness the entire region towards a shared objective.

2.4 Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000 (Systems Act)

The Municipal Systems Act is the key legislation that provides a clear outline of the functions and responsibilities of the local sphere of government. Chapter 5 of the act explicitly provides the mechanisms and direction on Integrated Development Planning.

2.5 Municipal Structure Act 117 of 1998 (Structures Act)

The Municipal Structure Act outlines the organization, responsibilities, purpose and objectives of the local sphere of government. The act further outlines the relationships between the municipalities at a local and district level.

2.6 Municipal Finance Management Act 56 of 2003 (MFMA)

The MFMA outlines the management and allocation of municipal resources and makes special emphasis on alignment of the IDP and the Budget. Chapter 5 outlines the need for cooperative government and need for alignment as required by the IDP processes.

2.7 Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations, 2001

The Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations set out in detail the requirements for

Integrated Development Plans and Performance Management System.

2.8 Disaster Management Act 57 of 2002

The Disaster Management Act, in which the main features of disaster management are described as preventing or reducing disasters, mitigation, preparedness, response, recovery and rehabilitation. The Disaster Management Act, 2002, provides for the declaration of disasters through national, provincial and local level government.

2.9 Intergovernmental Relations Framework Act 13 of 2005

The intergovernmental Relations Framework Act provides a framework for intergovernmental relations, key to the promotion of cooperative government outlined in the Constitution.

3. Integrated Development Planning Procedures and Principles

This Integrated Development Planning is informed by a number of international, national, provincial and local developmental objectives. These objectives, discussed briefly below, especially at the higher spheres of government, requires an integrated development plan to harness and direct the local actions towards meeting high level broad developmental targets. This is due to the fact that a municipality, by virtue of its proximity to communities among the spheres of government, is where impact and measurement of such developmental objectives can be experienced.

A municipality therefore, being at the coal face of development impact, becomes the most important conduit of transmission of developmental objectives as well as the most reliable feedback loop to inform current and future developmental planning.

Government however is made up of several sector specific departments whose responsibilities range from housing, water and sanitation, security, electricity and economic development. All these sectors, while deriving their development plans from the same national and provincial developmental objectives, are tasked with the delivery of sector specific objectives necessary to meet the government's development objectives. These sector specific targets are cascaded down to the municipal level where their implementation takes place.

However, these plans are derived under conditions of limited resources and this requires cooperative implementation across the sectors in order to derive maximum benefit from such plans.

3.1 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

In September 2015, the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) were adopted by the United Nations General Assembly with the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. Over the next decade, the SDGs must form an action plan to free humanity from poverty and put the planet back on the road to sustainability.

The SDGs are a call to action to end poverty, protect the planet and ensure peace and prosperity everywhere. The 17 SDGs form a unique fusion of two global agendas, namely: Sustainable development, and Development cooperation.

The focus of this agenda is on “universality”, which means that implementation must be ensured not only in the Global South, but also on the entire planet.

In order to monitor progress in achieving the UN goals and sub-goals, a set of 242 global indicators to measure the 169 sub-targets was presented in March 2016. A central aspect is that several indicators should be divided into relevant categories such as gender, age, geographical location, etc. The SDGs can be divided into 5 main themes, namely: People, Planet, Prosperity, Peace, and Partnership

For South Africa as a country the SDGs have been embraced and milestones towards the achievement of these goals are tracked. These goals also provide a framework for planning and monitoring as well as being accepted to focus the different plans towards a shared vision that is directed towards achieving the same developmental objectives, while addressing specific local needs. The SDGs, as detailed below, can therefore be identified as one of the key objectives informing strategic planning.

Goal No.	Details
1	End Poverty in all its reforms everywhere
2	End hunger, achieve food security & improved nutrition & promote sustainable agriculture
3	Ensure healthy lives & promote well –being for all at all ages
4	Ensure inclusive & equitable quality education & promote lifelong learning opportunities for all
5	Achieve gender equality and empower all women & girls
6	Ensure availability & sustainable management of water & sanitation for all
7	Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable & modern energy for all
8	Promote sustained, inclusive & sustainable economic growth, full & productive employment & decent work for all
9	Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive & sustainable industrialization & foster innovation

10	Reduce inequality within & among countries
11	Make cities & human settlements viable inclusive, safe, resilient & sustainable
12	Ensure sustainable consumption & production patterns
13	Take urgent action to combat climate change & its impacts*
14	Conserve & sustainably use the oceans, seas & marine resources for sustainable development
15	Protect , restore & promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, & halt & reverse land degradation & halt biodiversity loss
16	Promote peaceful & inclusive societies for sustainable development , provide access to justice for all & build effective, accountable & inclusive institutions at all levels
17	Strengthen the means of implementation & revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development

Table 7: Sustainable Development Goals

3.2 The National Development Plan 2030 (NDP)

The universe of government service provision is quite large and diverse. Faced with a multitude of competing needs, with limited resources, it is conceivably tempting to try and satisfy the popular needs, especially as represented by the loudest voices. These however may result in an unfocussed depletion of these scarce resources with very little to show for the effort.

The NDP is therefore a framework to guide prioritization, resource allocation and implementation in the government planning and service provision universe. This is intended to bring about focused intergovernmental planning in order to achieve as much of the needs in the face of the limited resources and this is key in integrated development planning.

As stated in the NDP 2030, the plan provides a broad strategic framework to guide key choices and actions. The plan should therefore be understood both as a policy directive in terms of its methodology and principles and an indicative tool in terms of its content. That is:

- Its principles and methodology should inform the development plans, policies and programmes of all spheres and agencies of government as a matter of policy;
- The details of economic potential and demographic patterns in localities to be the subject of ongoing dialogue among state and non-state actors; and
- Districts and metropolitan areas should be positioned as the geographical units for building an understanding of the nature and distribution of potential and demographic patterns across the

country.

While each sphere of government has instinct tasks informed by the local context and capacity, the approach followed in their planning should be informed both the methodology and principles documented in the NDP.

Proceeding from the premise that district and metropolitan areas are to be the pivotal sites on which to build an understanding of the nature and distribution of regional potential across the country, in the context of Fezile Dabi District Municipality's integrated development planning, the notion of potential will inform rigorous analysis of the space economy and to identify the areas of economic significance and the relative and dynamic comparative advantage.

3.3 Medium Term Strategic Framework (MTSF)

The Medium Term Strategic Framework MTSF reflects the commitments made in the election manifesto of the governing party, including the commitment to implement the National Development Plan (NDP). The MTSF sets out the actions Government will take and targets to be achieved.

The MTSF may be viewed as an arsenal used to give life to the NDP principles and goals, while at same time working towards the achievement of the SDG's. The MTSF is a national governments document providing clear unambiguous goals and objectives towards which the different spheres and agencies of government should work towards in a medium term. While the NDP offers the principles and goals to guide the planning process towards greater alignment, the MTSF moves further by explicitly setting out the actions that will be taken and the targets to be achieved. This provides a clearer picture for the lower spheres of government while planning by providing key focus areas towards which development planning should be focused in order to achieve the long term development principles.

3.4 Provincial Growth and Development Strategy (PGDS)

While the NDP and MTSF paints the national development plan in addition to providing the principles and approach to focus the planning process and strategic focus in the medium term, the Provincial Growth and Development Strategy (PGDS) is a framework to drive implementation within the province.

The PGDS is an indication of the various developments potential in the province broken down to a district level, the province's proposed economic growth trajectory and an indication of the sectors as well as areas of comparative advantage in which the province plans to invest.

Prepared within the ambit of cooperative government the PGDS, in as much the same way as the IDP at a local level, it provides an arena for intergovernmental debate regarding the implications of other

strategies and plans in government. It also enables the three spheres to not only be involved in the preparation of the PGDS, but also to align infrastructure investment and development spending decisions, such as those captured in the IDP and sector plans, to link these to budgets, and to collectively play a part in their implementation.

The PGDS is based on a long-term view of a province's development trajectory, and play an important role of further grounding the national strategies and within the realities and specificities by guiding local government in the development and implementation of IDP and programmes for sustainable development within the local context.

4. The Fezile Dabi District Integrated Development Planning Framework

According to section 27 of the Municipal Systems Act No. 32 of 2000:

- 1) Each district municipality (such as Fezile Dabi), within a prescribed period after the start of its elected term and after following a consultative process with the local municipalities within its area, must adopt a framework for integrated development planning in the area as a whole.

- 2) A framework referred to in subsection (1) binds both the district municipality and the local municipalities in the area of the district municipality, and must at least:
 - a) Identify the plans and planning requirements binding in terms of national and provincial legislation on the district municipality and the local municipalities or on any specific municipality;
 - b) Identify the matters to be included in the integrated development plans of the district municipality and the local municipalities that require alignment;
 - c) Specify the principles to be applied and co-ordinate the approach to be adopted in respect of those matters; and
 - d) Determine procedures:
 - i. For consultation between the district municipality and the local municipalities during the process of drafting their respective integrated development plans; and
 - ii. To effect essential amendments to the framework.

This is supported by section 84 (1a) of the Municipal Structures Act. No. 117 of 1998 which states that one of the key functions and powers of a district municipality as integrated development planning for the district municipality as a whole including a framework for integrated development plans for the local

municipalities within the area of the district municipality, taking into account the integrated development plans of those local municipalities. While the two acts place the responsibility of developing an integrated development planning framework on the district municipality, the acts expressly require of such process to be inclusive through consultation and buy in from the local municipalities within that district.

The IDP framework therefore facilitates consistency and acceptable practice IDP planning by setting out the:

- Objectives of the planning process by providing a consistent framework to focus planning on achieving outcomes as envisaged by the three spheres of the government.
- Procedures and principles that provide guidance on how to achieve the desired outcome.
- Planning Steps that offer a process to follow when undertaking integrated development planning.
- Control and Management of the framework that provide guidance on how to keep alive the framework throughout its lifespan through active measurement and control.

The IDP Framework for the district which is informed by certain responsibilities entrusted to district and local municipalities in terms of legislation. The summary of the Planning Framework is presented in the table below.

5. The IDP process Plan of the Municipality

The process for the compilation of this third review of the Integrated Development Plan (2024/25) started with the preparation of the process plan that was done through the engagements with our four local /municipalities,(through IDP Managers Forum: 25/08/2024) to develop the district process plan.

The Following issues were raised during the Stakeholder engagements:

Mafube	Moqhaka L.M	Ngwathe L.M.	Metsimaholo LM.
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In Tweeling they complained about Disaster Management Centre(Fire Offices) that is based in Frankfort, its taking forever to respond to their calls in times of fire,	Businesses requested to be assisted with office furniture and equipment	Water shortage, challenge in Parys	Community members complained about cable theft and that CPF be assisted with stipend.
Clinics in Tweeling and Mafube in general, the waiting period for ambulance is too long, and there's a shortage of staff (Nurses) to attend to all the patients.	NGO, (Sisterhood Advocates) requested to be capacitated with training to enable them to handle issues of gender based violence.	Storm water drainage especially in Mandela Bridge, it's becoming dangerous to the community	Poor turnaround time for ambulances
The Community in Mafube, requested the Youth to be assisted with agricultural support to curb the issue of high unemployment rate.	Requested the government assist them with school uniform and feeding scheme.	Poor road maintenance – Potholes in town & next to the taxi rank	Suggestion : that those who were trained by the departments ,should be considered for learnerships and employment opportunities
Requested the Vending machine for electricity, as they travel long distances to purchase electricity.	Empowerment of organisation (financially, training and workshops).	Appointment of Senior Managers	Jim Fouche, resort be revamped so that it can attract tourists
There was also a request for ATM machine in Cornelia.	The unrest in (Steynsrus) were as a result of appointment of general workers & poor service delivery.	Shortage of municipal transport to attend to sewer issues	There's no school for children with special need in Metsimaholo
Landfill sites are in close proximity to the community.		There's a need for feeding scheme to be assisted to help poor families	Request for mobile police station next to multi-purpose centre
Requested the District to come up with programme for Youth to address issues of drugs & alcohol abuse		Bad smell from the abutter & dumping their waste instead of disposing it properly	Asked for clarity on the criterion used for assisting SMME development, support and how are they being monitored
Stakeholders requested to be supported with SMME		Home affairs office needs to be upgraded	

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development			
Complained about the services of SAPS in Tweeling (as well as the police station)		Ward 5 &6 still using the bucket systems	
Challenges with Sewer networks in a new settlement that is not properly connected		There's a need to increase the capacity of the sewer networks /pipes from town to Sandeville	
Requested Land Audit in Mafube		Heilbron fire station , reporting lines not clear	
Dilapidated road / potholes in Mafube in general.		Fastracking of sites distribution next	

The Following issues were worth noting during the IDP Representative Forum:

The Department of health, reported the high level of burglary that is happening at clinics and hospitals and urged municipality to assist with security, as well as awareness campaign that encourage the members of communities to look after their assets.

Most of the projects are being halted at the Municipalities, community members which impede with the timely completion of the projects.

Department of water and sanitation requested that the Water Forum in the District be resuscitated, as it used to monitor the progress of the execution of the projects, as well as identifying challenges at the local municipalities in time.

Local municipalities are appointing people who do not possess the skill and capacity to execute the projects and that lead to the projects not being completed and hampers with service delivery.

The STATS SA explained the processes that was followed to collect data, however it was also noted that some of the information were omitted by CENSUS 2022 for an example information on rate of unemployment, teenage pregnancy and child headed household.

The table below presents a programme specifying timeframes for different phases and steps followed during the planning process:

Table 8: IDP, Budgeting, Performance and Reporting Process Plan of Fezile Dabi District Municipality 2021/22 for 2022/23 IDP

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INTERGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLANNING, BUDGETING, PERFORMANCE AND REPORTING PROCESS PLAN 2024-25					
(TIME SCHEDULE OF KEY DEADLINES)					
PHASE	DESCRIPTION	ACTIVITY	COORDINATING UNIT/DEPARTMENT	LEGISLATIVE REQUIREMENT	TIMEFRAME
1. PREPARATION PHASE		Preparation of Process Plan 2024/25	Planning Unit, Budget Office & PMS Office	MSA & MFMA	July 2023
		Completion and submission of Budget Evaluation Checklist to National Treasury	Accounting Officer, Heads of Departments (Section 56 Directors) & Budget Office	MFMA	July 2023
		Tabling of the IDP, Budget & PMS Process Plan 2024/25 to Council	Planning Unit, Budget Office & PMS Office	MSA & MFMA	August 2023
		Engagement with local Municipalities on the IDP Framework and IDP Process Plan during 1 st quarter IDP Managers' forum	Planning Unit	MSA	August 2023
		Planning of the next three year budget in accordance with co-ordination role of the budget process	Budget Office	MFMA	
		Advertise the IDP/ Budget Process Plan 2024/25 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Publication of process plan on the FDDM website 	Compliance Office	MSA	August 2023
		Begin with the Annual Report Preparation Process	PMS	MSA	August 2023
		Review and adoption of Budget related policies	Finance	MFMA	
2. A	Serves as a point of departure in addressing and incorporating a developmental dimension in the IDP process. In this phase existing information is gathered and stakeholder information is received. This phase will inform the projects phase of the envisaged IDP process.	Desktop analysis of existing level of development through reports from local Municipalities (Situational Analysis)	Planning Unit	MSA	September 2023
		Confirmation and consolidation of status quo of projects and community needs (Needs	Planning Unit &	MSA	September

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INTERGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLANNING, BUDGETING, PERFORMANCE AND REPORTING PROCESS PLAN 2024-25					
(TIME SCHEDULE OF KEY DEADLINES)					
PHASE	DESCRIPTION	ACTIVITY	COORDINATING UNIT/DEPARTMENT	LEGISLATIVE REQUIREMENT	TIMEFRAME
		Assessment report)	Budget Office		2023
		Determine the funding/ revenue projections for the next three years	Budget Office	MFMA	
		Engagement with National & Provincial departments on the outcomes of the assessments with sector departments and other relevant stakeholders	Planning Unit	MSA	September 2023
		Alignment workshop to evaluate information from PMS and Monitoring & Evaluation	Monitoring & Evaluation Unit	MSA	September 2023
		Conduct Public Participation	Planning & Budget Units	MSA	September 2023
		SDBIP 2023/2024 1st quarter reporting	Monitoring & Evaluation Unit		July – September 2023
		Preparation of the draft budget commences	Budget Office	MFMA	
		First quarter budget report submitted to Council			
3. STRATEGIES PHASE	This phase includes the involvement of specialists that can make valuable contributions in the formulation of alternative strategies to address priority issues. This phase includes the updating of national and provincial policy priorities and a review of Key Performance Areas (KPA)s. Objectives, Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) and targets as per 5 year IDP.	Strategic Planning Session <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Review of strategic objectives for service delivery and Development Broad capital budget allocations Development of the Vision & Mission of the District Municipality 	Office of the Municipal Manager & Planning Unit	MSA	December 2023
		Alignment of objectives with National & Provincial Imperatives (NDP, FSGDS & other relevant policies)			December 2023
		Preparation of the Draft Budget continues	Budget Office	MFMA	December 2023
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Projects Identification (IDP Projects list) Projects Costing Confirmation of project lists from local Municipalities and alignment of projects with sector strategic plans, NDP, FSGDS, etc. 	Planning Unit, PM&PW Department & Budget Office		January 2024
		Finalise Annual Report	Monitoring & Evaluation Unit	MSA	January 2024
		Tabling of the Mid-Year Performance Assessment Report to Council			

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INTERGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLANNING, BUDGETING, PERFORMANCE AND REPORTING PROCESS PLAN 2024-25					
(TIME SCHEDULE OF KEY DEADLINES)					
PHASE	DESCRIPTION	ACTIVITY	COORDINATING UNIT/DEPARTMENT	LEGISLATIVE REQUIREMENT	TIMEFRAME
		Submit second quarter budget report to Council Conduct Steering	Budget Office	MFMA	
		Submission of the Budget Return Forms to National and Provincial Treasuries	Compliance Office	MFMA	February 2024
		Conduct Steering Committee to present progress on the draft IDP	Planning Unit	MSA	February 2024
		Tabling of Adjustment Budget to Council	Budget Office	MFMA	
		As a result of Adjustment Budget, consider review of the SDBIP	Monitoring & Evaluation Unit	MSA/ MFMA	February 2024
		Publication of the Annual Report	Monitoring & Evaluation Unit	MSA	February 2024
4. PROJECTS PHASE	This phase focuses on the identification of priority projects in line with community needs and agreed strategic priorities. Projects will be aligned and synchronised to the Division of Revenue Act 4 of 2020 (DoRA) allocations and the Capital Investment Plan (CIP) will be reviewed and updated.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Align and synchronise projects to the Division of Revenue Act 4 of 2020 (DoRA) allocations Review and update Capital Investment Plan (CIP) 	Planning Unit	MSA	April 2024
5. INTEGRATION PHASE	This is a crucial stage in the process to ensure that the dimensions have been adequately taken into consideration. This includes the consolidation and integration of applicable sector plans, alignment of municipal and sector department programmes as well as deepening the alignment between the IDP and the Budget. In this phase project proposals are screened for compliance with localised principles and guidelines pertaining to the dimensions. This phase includes the following programmes/plans: Integrated Spatial Development Framework (SDF); Integrated Local Economic Development (LED) programme; etc.	Integration of programmes and projects of National & Provincial Departments	Planning Unit	MSA	April 2024
6. APPROVAL PHASE	This phase entails the tabling of the draft IDP and Budget emanating from community consultations and public participations, followed by the approval by council of the final IDP and Budget.	Present Draft IDP & Draft Budget to Council for approval	Planning Unit and Budget Unit	MSA & MFMA	March 2024
		Advertise draft IDP and draft Budget for public Comment <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Place draft IDP and draft Budget on FDDM website 	Compliance Office	MSA & MFMA	April 2024
		Tabling of the Revised Service	Monitoring &	MSA &	March 2024

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INTERGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLANNING, BUDGETING, PERFORMANCE AND REPORTING PROCESS PLAN 2024-25					
(TIME SCHEDULE OF KEY DEADLINES)					
PHASE	DESCRIPTION	ACTIVITY	COORDINATING UNIT/DEPARTMENT	LEGISLATIVE REQUIREMENT	TIMEFRAME
		Delivery & Budget Implementation Plan to Council	Evaluation Unit	MFMA	
		Submission of an Oversight Report to Council for adoption	Monitoring & Evaluation Unit	MSA & MFMA	March 2024
		Submit to MEC for Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs, Provincial Treasury, National Treasury copies of approved Draft IDP, Draft Budget & Revised SDBIP	Compliance Office	MSA & MFMA	April 2024
		IDP & Budget Road Shows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Present summarised draft IDP & draft Budget • IDP response to key issues raised by wards • Highlight planned projects and programmes 	Planning Unit & Budget Office	MSA & MFMA	April 2024
		Third quarter Budget Report to Council	Budget Office	MFMA	
		Updating and Amendment of IDP (engagements and inputs from sector departments, National & Provincial departments)	Planning Unit	MSA	April – May 2024
		Submission of Budget Return form to National & Provincial Treasury	Compliance Office	MFMA	
		Submission of Oversight Report to Provincial Legislature & Provincial Treasury	Monitoring & Evaluation Unit	MSA	April 2024
		Tabling or Submission of final IDP & Budget to Council for Adoption	Planning Unit & Budget Unit	MSA & MFMA	May 2024
		Advertisement of final IDP and final Budget and publication on FDDM website	Budget Office	MSA & MFMA	
		Tabling of the Draft 2024/25 SDBIP	Monitoring & Evaluation Unit		May 2024
		Approval of 2024/25 SDBIP by the Executive Mayor	Monitoring & Evaluation Unit	MSA & MFMA	June 2024
		Submit to MEC for Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs, Provincial Treasury, National Treasury and place on FDDM web site the final IDP, final Budget and Approved SDBIP, within the prescribed timeframe	Compliance Office	MSA & MFMA	June 2024

A desktop analysis of existing level of development was conducted, (Situational Analysis and was presented to the IDP Steering Committee that was held (08/02/2024) and the IDP Representative Forum held on the (12/03/2024).

Public participation processes was discussed through the IDP Managers Forum (18/01/2024) which indicated challenges that are being encountered by Local Municipalities, since this is an electioneering period, (Ngwathe and Mafube were the most affected municipalities in terms of conducting public participation.)

6. Public Participation (*Ownership by the communities*)

Section 152(1) (a) mandates local government to provide democratic and accountable government for local communities. This mandate means that activities at local government should be underpinned by the principles of democratic governance and accountability. In terms of a planning process, it means that one of the critical principles for the development of an IDP is that the entire process needs to be consultative.

In order to give effect to the public participation process, the Municipal Systems Act 2000 forms the pedestal for community participation at local government. This piece of legislation explicitly entails in Chapter 4, section 16, the notion of community participation and mechanisms for development. Importantly, experience has shown that improving public participation in municipal administration can enhance good governance in the following areas:

- a) increased level of information in communities;
- b) better needs identification for communities;
- c) improved service delivery;
- d) community empowerment;
- e) greater accountability;
- f) better resource distribution;
- g) greater community solidarity;
- h) greater tolerance of diversity.

For the development of this IDP, Stakeholder consultation process was conducted in all the four local municipalities.

The table hereunder, reflects a programme of action for stakeholder consultations in all municipalities within the district.

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Table 9: Public & Stakeholder Consultation Schedule of Fezile Dabi District Municipality

Municipality	Date	Venue	Time
Mafube	12 February 2024	Matlwangtlwang Community Hall	10:00
Moqhaka	13 February 2024	Allan Rautenbach	14:00
Ngwathe	21 February 2024	Heilbron –Multipurpose Centre	10:00
Metsimaholo	22 February 2022	Zamdela Multipurpose Centre	10:00

Table 10: Internal Role-Players in the Integrated Development Planning Process

Role-Player	Roles/Responsibilities
Municipal Council	Monitoring of the planning process and the final approval of the IDP
Councilors	Organize Stakeholder Consultation in their respective constituencies
	Linking IDP process to their constituencies
Executive Mayor and the Mayoral Committee	Political oversight of the IDP
Finance and IDP Portfolio Committee	Responsible for assisting the Executive Mayor and the Mayoral Committee in their oversight role
	Summarizing /and processing of inputs from the participation process
	Commenting on inputs from other specialists
Municipal Manager	Overall responsibility of the IDP
IDP Manager	Responsible for managing the IDP process through: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Facilitation of the IDP Process - Coordinating IDP related activities including capacity building programmes - Facilitate reporting and the documentation of the activities - Making recommendations Executive Management - Liaising with Provincial Sector Departments - Providing secretariat functions for the IDP Steering Committee and Representative Forum
Chief Financial Officer	Ensure that the municipal budget is linked to the IDP
	Co-coordinating budget implementation as per IDP
	Development of the 5-year Municipal Integrated Financial Plan
IDP Steering Committee	Responsible for IDP processes, resources and outputs
	Oversees the status reports received from departments
	Makes recommendations to Council and oversees the meeting of the Representative Forum
	Responsible for the process of integration and alignment of the projects
IDP Representative Forum	Forms the interface for community participation in the affairs of the Council

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Role-Player	Roles/Responsibilities
	Participates in the annual IDP review process
Municipal Officials	Provide technical expertise and information
	Prepare draft project proposals
	Mobilize funding for the IDP projects
	Provide scheduled reports on the IDP implementation process
IDP Alignment Committee	Ensure alignment of IDPs amongst all the municipalities in the District
	Ensure alignment of all IDPs in the district with plans of various provincial and national sector plans where appropriate.

SECTION C: POWERS AND FUNCTIONS

1. Introduction

This section outlines the powers and functions constitutionally assigned to the municipality. Municipalities are empowered by the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 to provide a broad range of services in a sustainable manner. This authority emanates from section 152(1) of the Constitution which stipulates the objects of local government, namely to:

- a) Provide democratic and accountable government for local communities;
- b) Ensure the provision of services to communities in a sustainable manner;
- c) Promote social and economic development;
- d) Promote a safe and healthy environment; and
- e) Encourage the involvement of community organisations in the matters of local government.

On the other hand, section 152(2) of the Constitution outlines the manner in which a municipality must strive to achieve the aforementioned objectives. Metsimaholo Local Municipality must strive, within its financial and administrative capacity, to achieve the objects set out in subsection 152(1). The developmental duties of a municipality are specified in section 153(a) of the Constitution which indicates that Metsimaholo Local Municipality must “structure and manage its administration and budgeting and planning processes to give priority to the basic needs of the community, and to promote the social and economic development of the community.”

2. General Powers and Functions

In terms of Section 156 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, Fezile Dabi District Municipality is a category B municipality that has executive and legislative authority to administer Local Government Matters listed in Part B of Schedule 4 and Part B of Schedule 5 and any other matter assigned to it by national or provincial legislation.

Furthermore, this municipality is accordingly empowered to do anything reasonably necessary for, or incidental to, the effective performance of its functions and the exercise of its powers and this includes making and administering by-laws and policies.

The powers and functions of the municipality are as detailed on the table below:

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Powers & Functions	Reference	Performed (Yes/No)
Air pollution	Schedule 4 Part B	Yes
Building regulations	Schedule 4 Part B	Yes
Child care facilities	Schedule 4 Part B	Yes
Electricity and gas reticulation	Schedule 4 Part B	No
Firefighting services	Schedule 4 Part B	Yes
Local tourism	Schedule 4 Part B	Yes
Municipal airports	Schedule 4 Part B	No
Municipal planning	Schedule 4 Part B	Yes
Municipal health services	Schedule 4 Part B	Yes
Municipal public transport	Schedule 4 Part B	Yes
Municipal public works	Schedule 4 Part B	No
Pontoons, ferries, jetties, piers and harbours,	Schedule 4 Part B	No
Storm water management systems in built-up areas	Schedule 4 Part B	No
Trading regulations	Schedule 4 Part B	Yes
Water and sanitation services	Schedule 4 Part B	Yes
Beaches and amusement facilities	Schedule 5 Part B	No
Billboards and the display of advertisements in public places	Schedule 5 Part B	No
Cemeteries, funeral parlours and crematoria	Schedule 5 Part B	No
Cleansing	Schedule 5 Part B	No
Control of public nuisances	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Control of undertakings that sell liquor to the public	Schedule 5 Part B	No
Facilities for the accommodation, care and burial of animals	Schedule 5 Part B	No
Fencing and fences	Schedule 5 Part B	No
Licensing of dogs	Schedule 5 Part B	No
Licensing and control of undertakings that sell food to the public	Schedule 5 Part B	No
Local amenities	Schedule 5 Part B	No
Local sport facilities	Schedule 5 Part B	No
Markets	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Municipal abattoirs	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Municipal parks and recreation	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Municipal roads	Schedule 5 Part B	No
Noise pollution	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Pounds	Schedule 5 Part B	No
Public places	Schedule 5 Part B	No
Refuse removal, refuse dumps and solid waste disposal	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Street trading	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes

Powers & Functions	Reference	Performed (Yes/No)
Street lighting	Schedule 5 Part B	No
Traffic and parking	Schedule 5 Part B	No

3. Fiscal Powers and Functions

Section 229 of the Constitution states the following regarding municipal fiscal powers and functions:- subject to subsections (2), (3) and (4), a municipality may impose:-

- a) rates on property and surcharges on fees for services provided by or on behalf of the municipality; and
- b) if authorised by national legislation, other taxes, levies and duties appropriate to local government or to the category of local government into which that municipality falls, but no municipality may impose income tax, value-added tax, general sales tax or customs duty.

The power of a municipality to impose rates on property, surcharges on fees for services provided by or on behalf of the municipality, or other taxes, levies or duties:-

- a) may not be exercised in a way that materially and unreasonably prejudices national economic policies, economic activities across municipal boundaries, or the national mobility of goods, services, capital or labour; and
- b) may be regulated by national legislation

4. Other powers and function not specified by the constitution

The table on the below provides a list functions and powers that might be undertaken by a local municipality in addition to those specified in the Constitution.

Table 5: Incidental Powers and Functions of Fezile Dabi District Municipality

Powers & Functions	Performed (Yes/No)
Disaster management (*)	Yes
Gas reticulation Housing (**)	N/A
Integrated development planning	Yes
Libraries and museums (other than national libraries and museums)	No
Nature conservation Tourism promotion (at a district level only)	Yes
<p>Explanation of Legends:</p> <p><i>** Certain powers and functions have been assigned to both district and local municipalities in accordance with section 44 of the Disaster Management Act, Act 57 of 2002.</i></p> <p><i>** Certain powers and functions have been assigned to local municipalities in accordance with section 9 of the Housing Act, Act 107 of 1997</i></p>	